

Autumn 1 Overview 2023

Cycle A KS1

Week	1	2	3	4	5	6
	11.09.23	18.09.23	25.09.23	02.10.23	09.10.23	16.10.23
Geography (Our Local Area: What's it like where we live?)	WALT: To describe the places that we go often and rarely, and what we see on the way to school. WILF: I can say where I go often. I can say what I see on the way to school. Resources: Pupil resource – Map of the UK Pupil resource – Viewfinder template Pupil resource – Places we go printed on A3 paper Collection of 10–15 local area images	WALT: To understand what is near to school, far away from school and to gain a sense of place. WILF: I know what is near. I know the furthest that I have travelled. Resources: Large art paper to make a collage Images from newspapers or holiday brochures, or images printed from the teaching slides	WALT: To use and understand a simple plan of the classroom. WILF: I can understand a plan of the classroom. I can hold the plan the right way up. I can add items to the plan. Resources: Pupil resource – NESW template Pupil resource – Mapping a school An OS map, town plan, road map or paper map, perhaps of your local area	WALT: To understand and use a local area map. WILF: I understand a map of the local area. I can use the map to get around. I can add items to the map. Resources: Pupil resource – Mapping a school Pupil resource – Alphabet Town navigating cards Pupil resource – Alphabet Town letter stations A–L Pupil resource – Viewfinder (from Week 1) A simple map of a familiar area (created before the lesson) with letter stations A–L written on. Include labels for north, east, south and west on the map as well	walt: be able to remember a local journey and the stages in order. wilf: I can remember a journey. I can recreate a part of the journey. I can create symbols for a map. Resources: Pupil resource – Map song (also on the teaching slides) Instrumental version of the Map song (This Old Man) – link Simple map of your fieldtrip route around the green space with the ten stops labelled (see Week 4) OS Map of the school's area Online mapping website, for example Ordnance Survey maps – link, Maps.stamen.com – link, Google Maps – link, Bing Maps – link	WALT: identify the destination of our field trip and name the human and physical geographical features that we saw. WILF: I know where the nearest open space is. I am able to locate it on an aerial photo and identify it. I can name human and physical geographical features. Resources:
Science Plants and Animals Where We Live (plants and animals, including humans)	1)WALT: observe closely using simple equipment (Go outside and look closely at the different trees, teacher to take photos) 2) WALT: identify and name a variety of	1)WALT: observe changes across the four seasons. (Look at photos of deciduous and coniferous trees in all 4 seasons and discuss the changes - pupils match trees to the correct seasons)	1)WALT: identify and describe the basic structure of trees. (Discuss the parts of a tree. Pupils label the parts of a tree.)	WALT: ask a simple question and make observations to answer the question; identify and classify. (Pupils answer the question: which fruit tree do we have the most of? Pupils identify the fruit	1)WALT: identify and classify a variety of common animals (Go into BOTs and look for birds. Use identification sheets to name the birds and record on a tally chart)	1) WALT: identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. (Discuss and explain terminology. Pupils are given pictures of common woodland animals and



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	deciduous and coniferous (evergreen) trees. (Teach meanings of deciduous and coniferous; use identification sheets to identify and name photos of trees) WILF: use hand lenses to observe closely; identify plants; answer questions; match leaves with those on the 'spotter' sheets Resources: magnifying glasses, spotter sheets	2)WALT: identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants; identify and classify. (Pupils use an app to identify plants in the school grounds - photo evidence) WILF: describe the changes of a tree across the seasons; describe the differences in changes of a deciduous and coniferous tree; identify plants Resources: ipads with plant identification app	2)WALT: identify and describe the basic structure of a plant. (Discuss the parts of a plant. Pupils label parts of a plant.) WILF: observe closely; name parts of a tree; name parts of a plant Resources:	trees at the front of school and record to answer the question) WILF: observe closely, looking at leaf shapes and fruit/flowers; identify plants; record observations; use observations to answer questions. Resources: iPads with plant identify app	WILF: describe features of birds; identify birds; record observations using tallies Resources: bird food, bird feeders	what they eat. Pupils group into categories herbivores, carnivores and omnivores. Pupils then use identification sheets to name the animals. Complete work for books) 2)WALT: identify and name a variety of animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. (Teach the different animal groups and their characteristics. Pupils group pictures into the animal groups and name the animals. Work in groups. Photo evidence) WILF: ask questions, identify animals, explain the words omnivore, herbivore and carnivore, classify animals, name different animal groups, describe the characteristics of different animal groups
	Startpoint assessment and knowledge capture	Design WALT: include individual preferences and	Assemble WALT: make a stable structure.	Assemble WALT: assemble the components of my	Assemble WALT: assemble the components of my	Resources: Test and evaluate/Endpoint assessment
Design and Technology (Structures- constructing windmills)	Resources: assessment sheets and knowledge capture sheet	requirements in my design WILF: I know what a windmill is I can describe the purpose of structures I understand the importance of clear design criteria I understand what a net is	WILF: I can follow instructions to cut and assemble the supporting structure of my windmill I know that that the shape of materials can be changed to improve the strength and stiffness of structures I know that cylinders are a strong type of structure	structure. WILF: I can cut and assemble my turbine correctly I understand that windmill turbines use wind to turn and make the machines inside work I know that axles are used in structures and	structure. WILF: I can cut and assemble my turbine correctly I understand that windmill turbines use wind to turn and make the machines inside work I know that axles are used in structures and	WALT: evaluate my project and adapt my design WILF: I can evaluate my windmill according to the design criteria I can test whether my structure is strong and stable and reinforce it if necessary



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		Resources: Presentation: Types of windmill (see Main event);Presentation: Design criteria (see Main event);Link: 'Teletubbies: Windmill episode' on VideoLink; Link: 'Song - Mouse who lived in a windmill in Old Amsterdam' on VideoLink; Demonstration model windmill made up; scissors	that are often used for windmills and lighthouses I understand what stable means and can ensure my structure has this property Resources: Demonstration model windmill made up from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure'; The children's decorated structure nets and turbine templates from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure'; The children's design criteria from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure'; Scissors; Glue sticks; Tape (preferably masking tape); A5 stiff card for the base (one piece per pupil)	mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle I can attach my turbine to the axle and attach them to the structure of my windmill I can test that my turbine turns in the structure and alter the parts if it doesn't Resources: Presentation: Types of windmill Link: 'BBC Primary Focus Geography- Green Power-How does a windmill work' Demonstration model windmill made up from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure' The children's constructed windmill structures from 'Lesson 2: Assembling the structure' The children's decorated turbine templates from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure' Pipe cleaners Blu Tack, Plasticine or an eraser Scissors Glue sticks Tape (preferably masking tape) If templates not printed on card, you may need to give each pupil one piece of card on which they can mount their structures, to make sure they are stronger and stiffer.	mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle I can attach my turbine to the axle and attach them to the structure of my windmill I can test that my turbine turns in the structure and alter the parts if it doesn't Resources: Presentation: Types of windmill Link: 'BBC Primary Focus Geography- Green Power-How does a windmill work' Demonstration model windmill made up from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure' The children's constructed windmill structures from 'Lesson 2: Assembling the structure' The children's decorated turbine templates from 'Lesson 1: Designing the structure' Pipe cleaners Blu Tack, Plasticine or an eraser Scissors Glue sticks Tape (preferably masking tape) If templates not printed on card, you may need to give each pupil one piece of card on which they can mount their structures, to make sure they are stronger and stiffer.	I can test whether my turbine turns in the structure and alter the parts if it doesn't I can test whether my turbine turns freely in the wind/when blown on Resources: Demonstration model windmill made up from Lesson 1 (see Design and Technology, Structures, Lesson 1: Designing the structure'). The children's windmills as assembled in Lesson 2 (see 'Design & Technology, Constructing a windmill, Lesson 2: Assembling the structure' The children's design criteria from Lesson 1 (see Design and Technology, Structures, Lesson 1: Designing the structure'), assessment sheets
Music All About me (pulse and rhythm)	WALT: To use my voice and hands to make music WILF: I can say and clap a rhythm	WALT: To clap and play in time to the music WILF: I can say and clap my name	WALT:To play simple rhythms on an instrument WILF:	WALT: To listen to and repeat short rhythmic patterns WILF:	WALT: To understand the difference between pulse and rhythm WILF: I can play the pulse	



	I can clap in time to the music I know what the pulse is I can sing my favourite food Resources: Percussion Instruments Recording of a familiar song	I can clap in time to the music I can sing (say) my friend's name Resources: Percussion instruments	I can play the rhythm of my own name and my friend's name I can clap in time to the music I can hold the pulse Resources: Percussion Instruments	I can hear rhythmic patterns I can play in time to the music I can create a rhythm Resources: Untuned instruments	I can play a rhythm I can create a rhythm Resources: Instruments Pulse and rhythm key takeaways	
P.S.H.E Living in the wider world: British values; money; the environment	Class circle time - any transition problems	Class circle time - any transition problems	WALT: learn about class rules and British Values. WILF: Identify British Values; Recognise good and bad classroom behaviour; Explain why it is important to have rules; Demonstrate how my class celebrates British Values through our class rules	WALT: learn about coins and notes and where money comes from. WILF: recall the value of notes and coins; describe where money comes from; describe how money makes me feel Resources:	WALT: learn about the environment, at home and around the world. WILF: Describe what is meant by the environment; Recognise that environments around the world have similarities and difference; List ways we can help care for the environment	
P.E Fundamentals	WALT: To explore balance, stability and landing safely WILF: Look ahead when you land Show hopping and jumping movements with soft bent knees Resources: Base stations x30 Benches x4 Hoops x12 Hurdles x10	WALT: To explore how the body moves differently when running at different speeds WILF: Keep a steady breath Move your arms faster to help you to move forward quickly Run on the balls of your feet Resources: Cones x6	Resources: WALT: To explore changing direction and dodging WILF: Decide which direction you are going to move into Move your feet to change direction Push off in a new direction, staying on balance Resources: Cones x30 Team bands x30	WALT:To explore jumping, hopping and skipping actions WILF: Land on the balls of your feet to stay balanced Move from one foot to another with soft bent knees Swing your arms to help you move forwards Resources: Cones x30 Hop Video Jump Video	Resources: WALT: To explore coordination and combination jumps WILF: Bend your knees to jump and land Count in time to the beat 1,2,3,4 Keep your body upright Resources: Cones x10 Foot speed ladder x4 French skipping ropes x10 Mini Hurdles French Skipping video Rainbow rhyme	WALT: To explore combination jumping and skipping in an individual rope WILF: Keep your body upright Lift the rope over your head to your feet Turn the rope from your wrists Resources: Base stations x30 Skipping ropes x30 Individual Skipping video
P.E. (PPA Staff) Dance	Pirate - Lesson 4 WALT: To explore speeds and actions in our pirate inspired dance	Pirate Lesson 5 WALT: To copy, remember and repeat	Pirate Lesson 6 WALT: To copy, repeat, create and perform	On Safari Lesson 10 WALT: To explore and copy actions in response to a theme	On Safari Lesson 11 WALT: To create my own actions for an animal	On safari Lesson 12 WALT: To explore pathways with a partner



		actions that represent the	actions that represent the		WILF:	WILF:Use counts of 8 to
	WILF:	theme	theme	WILF:	Discuss and share ideas	help you stay in time with
	Use clear actions			Use counts of 8 to help	with a partner to create	the music and each other
	Use counts to 8 to help	WILF:	WILF:	you stay in time with the	your actions	
	you stay in time with the	Use clear actions	Draw the shape of the	music	Use counts of 8 to help	
	music	Use expression to tell a	pathway as you travel		you stay in time with the	
	Resources:	story	Use levels to make your	Resources:	music and each other	Resources:
	Pirates Audio		dance look interesting	Buckle up Video		Hoops x12
	Ahoy Matey PDF	Resources:		Animal actions video	Resources:	Animal actions video
	The Pirate's Yo Ho Ho PDF	Pirates Audio	Resources:Pirates Audio	On Safari audio	Buckle up Video	On Safari audio
		Pirates Video	Pirates Video	On Safari L1 PDF	Animal actions video	On Safari L3 PDF
		Pirates Prompt card PDF	Pirates Prompt card PDF	Safari Animal Cards PDF	On Safari audio	Safari Animal Cards PDF
		Pirates Yo Ho Ho PDF	Pirates Yo Ho Ho PDF		On Safari L2 PDF	
		Warm up dreams audio	Warm up sunrise audio		Safari Animal Cards PDF	
		WALT: To log in to a	WALT: To develop mouse	WALT: To use mouse	WALT: To draw a scene	WALT: To create a self-
		computer and access a	skills	skills to draw and edit	from a story using digital	portrait using digital
		website		shapes	tools	techniques
			WILF:			
		WILF:	I can navigate a computer	WILF:	WILF:	WILF:
		I can recognise what we	using a mouse	I can click and drag	I can identify key parts of	I can identify different
		mean by a computer	I understand what we	objects to change their	a story	facial features
Computing		I understand why we	mean by 'click' and 'drag'	size or position.	I can use drag and drop to	I can use click and drag to
(Improving mouse		need to log in to a	I can use the fill and	I can use a mouse to	move and resize images	create and layer shapes
skills)		computer	stamp tools in Sketchpad	carefully position shapes.	I can use a variety of tools	I can resize, move and
,		I can log in and out of a		I can move shapes in	to create different effects	change the order of
		computer account		front of or behind each		shapes
		l_	Resources:	other	Resources:	
		Resources:	Chromebooks		Chromebooks	
		Home equipment sheet	Class Log in details	Resources:	Class Log in details	Resources:
				Shape detective sheet		Chromebooks
				Chromebooks		Class Log in details
				Class Log In details		Mirrors



